

White Backlight Displays

Technical Data Sheet

Part No.: KWB-R8637W/1W

Spec No.: R8637 Rev No.: V.2 Date: Oct./16/2007 Page: 1 OF 6

Approved: ZHOU Checked: Wu Drawn: Zhuang



Features:

Low power requirements.

Large area, uniform, bright light emitting surface.

Easy for installation.

Color: White.

The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.

Descriptions:

The white source color devices are made with InGaN on sapphire substrate light emitting diode.

Applications:

Flat backlight for LCD, switches and symbols.

Indicator and backlight in office equipment.

Indicator and backlight for battery driven equipment.

Indicator and backlight for audio and video equipment.

Automotive: Backlighting in dashboards and switches.

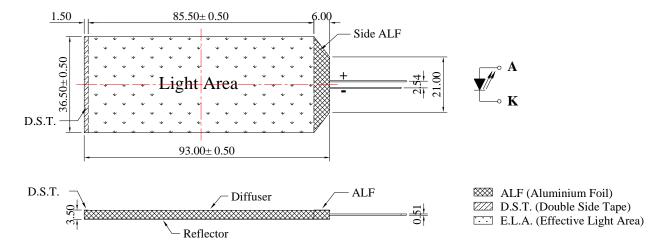
Telecommunication: Indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.

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Package Dimension:



Part No.	Chip Material	Face Color	Source Color
KWB-R8637W/1W	InGaN	White Diffused	White

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is \pm 0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	PD	90	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	100	mA
Forward Current	IF	25	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	ESD	400	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-20 to +70	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-25 to +75	
Lead Soldering Temperature [4mm (.157") From Body]	Tsld	260 for 5 Seconds	

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition	
Luminous Intensity	Lv	65	85		cd/m²	IF=15mA (Note 1)	
Forward Current (Recommended)	IF	10	15	20	mA	VF=3.20V	
Luminous Uniformity			75%			IF=15mA	
Chromaticity Coordinates	х		0.27			IF=20mA (Note 2)	
	У		0.28				
Forward Voltage	VF	2.80	3.30	3.60	V	IF=20mA	
Reverse Current	IR			10	μΑ	V _R =5V	

Notes:

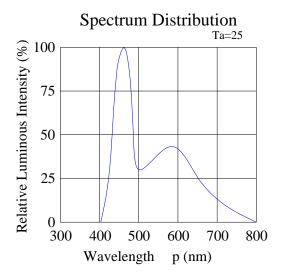
- 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2. It use many parameters that correspond to the CIE 1931 2°. X, Y, and Z are CIE 1931 2° values of Red, Green and Blue content of the measurement.

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Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25 Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



Forward Current & Forward Voltage

Ta=25

Ta

Ambient Temperature

Ambient Temperature

100

100

100

100

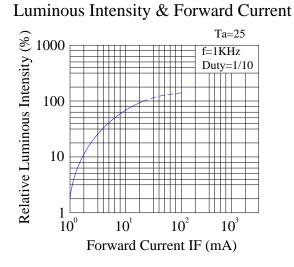
100

Ambient Temperature

200

100

Ambient Temperature Ta ()



Forward Current Derating Curve 50 40 40 40 25 20 0 20 40 60 80 100 Ambient Temperature Ta ()

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Lucky Light Electronics Co., Ltd.

http://www.luckylightled.com



Please read the following notes before using the product:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 or less and 90%RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 or less and 70%RH or less.
- 2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

3. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260 for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

4. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

5. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

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