

5mm Bi-Color With Common Cathode Type Yellow & Yellow Green LED Technical Data Sheet

Part No.: 509YGM2E-2Y-2A

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 1 OF 9

Approved: JOJO Checked: Wu Drawn: Zhang



Features:

Yellow and Yellow Green chips are matched for uniform light output.

Common Cathode.

Long life solid state reliability.

Low power consumption.

I.C. compatible.

The product itself will remain within RoHS complaint Version.

Descriptions:

The lamp contain two integral chips and is available bicolor.

The Yellow and Yellow Green light is emitted by diodes of GaP and GaP respectively. White Diffused lens color.

Applications:

TV set.

Monitor.

Telephone.

Computer.

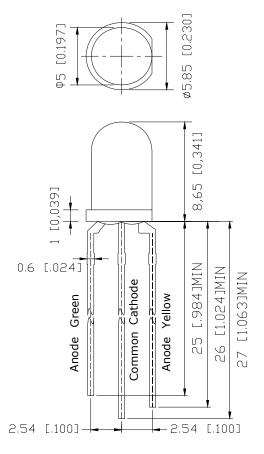
Circuit board.

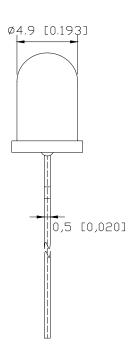
Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 2 OF 9

Approved: JOJO Checked: Wu Drawn: Zhang



Package Dimension:





Part No.	Chip Material		Lens Color	Source Color
509YGM2E-2Y-2A	Y	GaP	White	Yellow
	G	GaP	Diffused	Yellow Green

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is \pm 0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.00mm (.039") max...
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 3 OF 9

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Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25

Parameters		Symbol	Max.	Unit	
Dower Dissipation	Yellow	PD	78	mW	
Power Dissipation	Yellow Green	PD	78	m vv	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)		IFP	100	mA	
Yellow Chip Forward Current		IF	30	mA	
Yellow Green Chip Forward Current		IF	30	mA	
Reverse Voltage		VR	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range		Topr	-40 to +85		
Storage Temperature Range		Tstg	-40 to +100		
Lead Soldering Temperature [4mm (.157") From Body]		Tsld	260 for 5 Seconds		

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 4 OF 9

Approved: JOJO Checked: Wu Drawn: Zhang



Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25

Parameters	Symbol	Emitting Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity *	IV	Yellow	13	20		mcd	IF=10mA (Note 1)
		Yellow Green	30	45			
Viewing Angle *	20	Yellow		60		Deg	IF=20mA (Note 2)
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	Yellow Green		60			
Peak Emission	λр	Yellow		585		nm	IF=20mA
Wavelength		Yellow Green		565			
Dominant Wavelength	λd	Yellow		588		nm	IF=20mA (Note 3)
		Yellow Green		570			
Spectral Line	λ	Yellow		35		nm	IF=20mA
Half-Width		Yellow Green		30			
Forward Voltage		Yellow	1.60	2.00	2.60		
		Yellow Green	1.60	2.20	2.60	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	IR	Yellow			10	- μΑ	V _R =5V
		Yellow Green			10		

Notes:

- 1. Luminous Intensity Measurement allowance is \pm 10%.
- 2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The dominant wavelength (λd) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

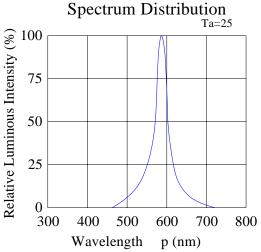
Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 5 OF 9

Approved: JOJO Checked: Wu Drawn: Zhang

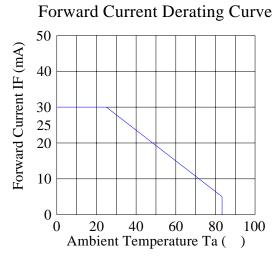


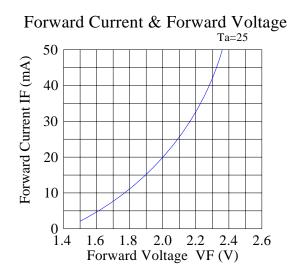
Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25 Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Yellow:

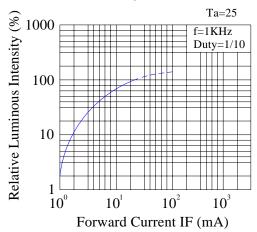


Luminous Intensity & Ambient Temperature Relative Luminous Intensity (%) 1000 100 10 -60 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 Ambient Temperature Ta ()

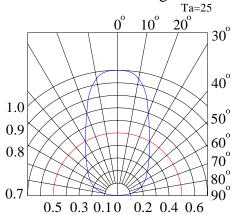




Luminous Intensity & Forward Current



Radiation Diagram



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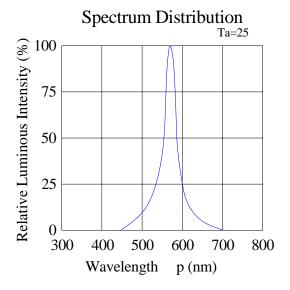
Date: Dec./27/2005 Drawn: Zhang

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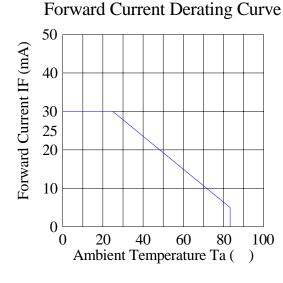
Page: 6 OF 9

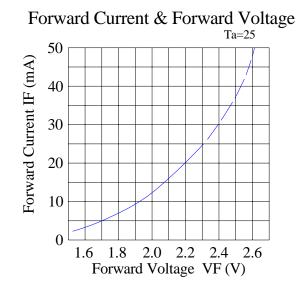


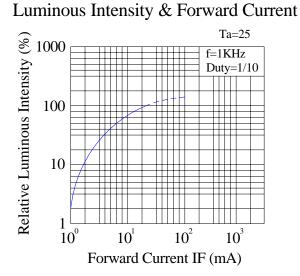
Yellow Green:

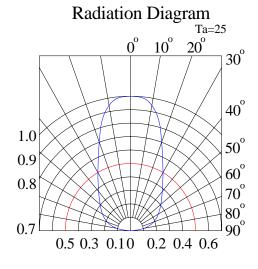


Ambient Temperature Ambient Temperature 100 100 100 100 100 Ambient Temperature 200 100 Ambient Temperature Ta ()









Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 7 OF 9
Approved: JOJO Checked: Wu Drawn: Zhang

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Reliability Test Items And Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

1) Test Items and Results:

Test Item	Standard Test Method	Test Conditions	Note	Number of Damaged
Resistance to Soldering Heat	JEITA ED-4701 300 302	Tsld=260±5 , 10sec 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	1 time	0/100
Solder ability	JEITA ED-4701 300 303	Tsld=235±5 , 5sec (using flux)	1time over 95%	0/100
Thermal Shock	JEITA ED-4701 300 307	0 ~100 15sec, 15sec	100 cycles	0/100
Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	-40 ~25 ~100 ~25 30min, 5min, 30min, 5min	100 cycles	0/100
Moisture Resistance Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	25 ~65 ~-10 90%RH 24hrs/1cycle	10 cycles	0/100
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	Ta=100	1000hrs	0/100
Terminal Strength (Pull test)	JEITA ED-4701 400 401	Load 10N (1kgf) 10±1sec	No noticeable damage	0/100
Terminal Strength (bending test)	JEITA ED-4701 400 401	Load 5N (0.5kgf) 0°~90°~0° bend 2 times	No noticeable damage	0/100
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	Ta=60 , RH=90%	1000hrs	0/100
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	Ta=-40	1000hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life		Ta=25 , IF=30mA	1000hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat		Ta=60 , RH=90%, IF=30mA	500hrs	0/100
Steady State Operating Life of Low Temperature		Ta=-30 , IF=20mA	1000hrs	0/100

2) Criteria for Judging the Damage:

Thomas	Cympol	Toot Conditions	Criteria for Judgment		
Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA		F.V.*)×1.1	
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V		F.V.*)×2.0	
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	F.V.*)×0.7		

*) F.V.: First Value.

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 8 OF 9

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Please read the following notes before using the product:

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 or less and 80%RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30 or less and 60%RH or less.
- 2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.

3. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 260 for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

4. Soldering

When soldering, for Lamp without stopper type and must be leave a minimum of 3mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point.

To avoided the Epoxy climb up on lead frame and was impact to non-soldering problem, dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering Iron		Wave Soldering		
Temperature Soldering Time	300 Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Pre-heat Time Solder Wave Soldering Time	100 Max. 60 sec. Max. 260 Max. 5 sec. Max.	

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and / or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED.

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Spec No.: B508 X360 Rev No.: V.3 Date: Dec./27/2005 Page: 9 OF 9

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